

ENGLAND GOES CRAZY OVER BULLER'S VICTORY; SCHOOLS CLOSED AND ALL BUSINESS GIVEN UP.

(Continued from First Page.)

people have crowded around the building and all vehicular traffic is stopped.

One incessant roar of cheering has been kept up since the news of the relief of Ladysmith was published. The scenes are unparalleled in the history of the city. There never has been anything like it. Every building has its Union Jack out, and the roar of the immense mob is like the roar of an angry sea.

An elderly gentleman, with his silk hat on the back of his head and his black coat tails flying in the wind, climbed to the top of a big lamp-post in the middle of the street opposite the Mansion House and remained for about an hour with his legs curled around the post.

Wild Curses and Cheers.

Waving his hat in one hand and a flag in the other he led the tumultuous cheering for each hero of the war, and the fierce, hoarse imprecations against President Kruger and President Steyn. Pandemonium reigned.

The news of the Mansion House demonstration spread to all quarters of the city and there poured in a stream of hoodlums and fakirs, laden down with flags; women, boys and all sorts and conditions of people. Silk hats flew into the air and small fights were of frequent occurrence.

The hundreds of policemen on the spot had their hands full, but as long as the enthusiasm of the crowd was only confined to horse play the officers did not interfere.

Tons of fireworks are being bought in preparation for elaborate celebrations to-night.

Kruger Effigies Insulted.

In several provincial towns effigies of President Kruger and Gen. Cronje were paraded through the streets and maltreated. At Glasgow an effigy of President Kruger was subjected to indignities at the foot of the Queen's statue.

Over one thousand university and college students paraded the streets of London singing "Rule Britannia," waving flags and cheering for "Little Bobs," who seemed to be a prime favorite in this and other demonstrations, although Gens. Buller, Macdonald and White got a fair share of the acclamations.

A crowd on Fleet street espied a stray soldier lad on the sidewalk. He was seized instantly, hoisted shoulder high, despite his protests, and carried at the head of the cheering procession.

In the east, at Leadenhall market, the haunt of the butcher, business is for the time suspended. Beer appears to be on tap gratis in the heart of the city.

The Piccadilly swell is carrying his little flag and wearing his khaki tie.

CHEERS FOR BULLER BY GREAT CROWDS.

LONDON, March 1.—The message from Buller announced the relief of Ladysmith and the salvation of Gen. White's army just in the nick of time, when provisions were practically exhausted and fever had thinned the ranks of the troops. The siege had lasted just four months, for it was on Oct. 25 that Joubert locked up the British in the Ascorbott of Natal.

In breaking his way through the Boer defenses Buller has lost nearly 2,000 men killed and wounded, while White's losses reached 2,400 killed, wounded and captured, making a total of nearly 6,000 for the four months' siege.

But it is all over now and London, and in fact all Britain, has thrown restraint to the winds and rejoices. When the news of the relief of Ladysmith became generally known London literally went mad with joy, and throughout England the scenes witnessed have no parallel in the memories of this generation. The pent-up jubilation at the relief of Kimberley and the defeat of Cronje could no longer be controlled, and with today's crowning triumph the national spirit of self-restraint was thrown to the winds.

LONDON'S WILD JOY.

This storm of jubilation centered around the Mansion House, and by thousands of persons blocked many approaches to that grim old building. It was a dense black mass, and chiefly of business men, the majority of them carrying little Union Jacks. Never before was there a side of flags as to-day. The cheering through the streets was unbroken, and the streets were open to traffic. The Union Jacks were hoisted by the houses and the streets were filled with the sound of the "God Save the Queen" and the "Marseillaise."

buses, which soon began to resemble chariots in a triumphant pageant. Stock brokers, bankers, clerics and workmen clambered on top, and as the buses lumbered past the historic building stood up waving flags, hats and handkerchiefs and calling for cheers for Buller and Roberts. A mighty shout answered them from the crowds through which they were passing.

The procession became continuous, yet the crowd never tired of cheering every time the name of White, Buller or Roberts was mentioned, and off came hats and up went the little flags. Grave old financiers waved and yelled as frantically and as often as theurchins who had clambered the Mansion House steps that England's honor had been saved.

FRENZY ON 'CHANGE.

The strain that for 120 days had kept the nation in terrible anxiety was removed. The Lord Mayor showed himself at a window, out of which hung a huge City Imperial Volunteer flag, and the crowd yelled itself hoarse. Staid magnates grabbed flaring posters from newsmen and brandished "Ladysmith Relieved" to the roaring throng.

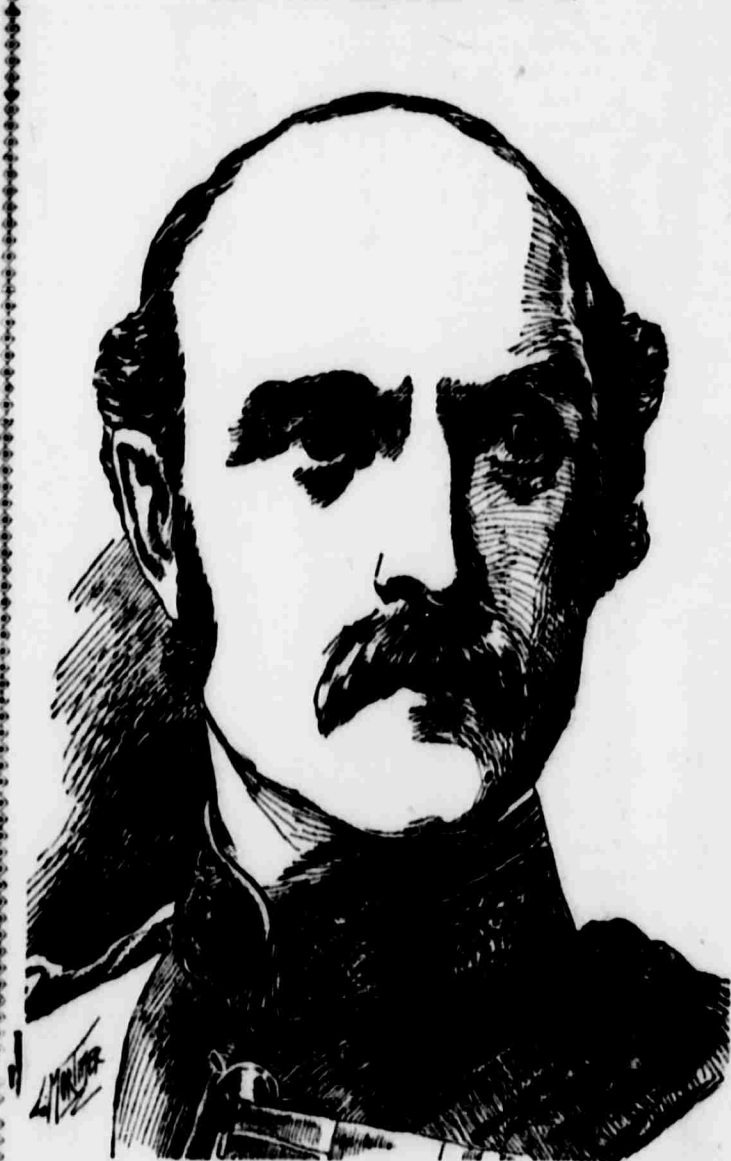
All thought of business was forgotten. Nothing could be done on the Stock Exchange except sing "God Save the Queen" and cheer. Business at the Baltic closed at 1 o'clock. No one wanted to trade on such a day as this. The stores put up their shutters and gave their employees a holiday. Great ensigns floated in the sunlight from hundreds of buildings and little Union Jacks lit up the murky city windows.

ST. PAUL'S BELL TO RING.

The Lord Mayor wired Lady Buller as follows: "My sincerest congratulations on your gallant husband's achievement." He also ordered a holiday for the city schools. Later he answered the demands of the crowd, that increased as the day wore on, by a speech in which he said:

"This news makes our hearts leap for joy. We now are enabled to

GEN. SIR GEORGE WHITE.



The Defender of Ladysmith.

our sacrifice of blood and treasure is not in vain."

Orders were given to ring the great bell in St. Paul's this evening. The West End is as enthusiastic, though not quite so demonstrative, as the city. The stately Foreign Office so far forgot itself as to display large Union Jacks from the windows.

A Cabinet meeting was held, and as the members met at the entrance to the Foreign Office they exchanged the warmest congratulations. Crowds blocked the War Office lobbies, struggling to see for themselves the announcement of the glad tidings and cheering Gen. Buller, Lord Dunsford and other heroes of the hour.

A HOLIDAY ALL OVER.

Outside Marlborough House, the London residence of the Prince of Wales, a large and jubilant crowd assembled. Briefly, from one end of the metropolis to the other joy reigned supreme, and bunting was flying everywhere in the bright March morning, and scarcely an omnibus passed through the happy streets but had, tied to the driver's whip, a Union Jack or red white and blue streamers.

All over the United Kingdom these scenes were duplicated. At Glasgow, Liverpool, Birmingham, Edinburgh, and, in fact, in all the cities, big and little, flags flew everywhere, whistles tooted, bells chimed and crowds paraded the streets, singing patriotic songs.

Business was given up for the day, the schools were closed, in the harbors all the vessels dressed ship, and at the military and naval depots scenes of the wildest enthusiasm prevailed.

At Liverpool, addressing a crowd of 20,000 people assembled around the Town Hall, the Lord Mayor said:

"I thank the Almighty God for the glorious news. We have awaited impatiently. We are satisfied that under the humane laws and government of this country the Boers in a very short time will be loyal citizens of the British Empire."

BOERS LOST 473 MEN.

Suffered Heavily, They Admit, When Boer General Recaptured Jamestown in Cape Colony.

STERKSPRUIT, Cape Colony, Feb. 25.—The Boers admit that their losses when Gen. Buller recaptured Jamestown were 50 killed, 125 wounded and 30 missing.

"WE MUST BE ARMED."

German Foreign Minister Tells Reichstag the Result of Peace Conference.

BERLIN, March 1.—During the debate in the Reichstag to-day on the Foreign Office estimates Herr Grand-nauer, Social Democrat, requested to be informed as to the attitude of the government in regard to the Hague Peace Conference. The Minister of Foreign Affairs, Count von Bulow, replied, saying:

"Our aim is always directed toward peace, and it will not be broken by us. I can give no guarantee of the action of others. Therefore, we must be armed. We gladly participated in the labors of the Conference, but could not agree to obligatory arbitration, and can only de-

cline upon recourse to arbitration as cases arise."

Count von Bulow also said: "In completing and perfecting our armaments on land and sea our sole object has been to protect our territory and well-earned rights against unjustified hostile attacks. We must take timely measures of precaution against possible eventualities."

CRONJE ON FLAGSHIP.

Boer General to Be Placed on Cruiser at Cape Town for Safe Keeping.

LONDON, March 1.—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. Joseph Powell Williams, Financial Secretary to the War Office, announced that Gen. Cronje and his family would be placed on board the flagship at Cape Town.

He said that the matter was wholly in the hands of Lord Roberts.

WHAT IS THE NEXT MOVE?

White's Weakened Army Not Likely to Be Able to Assist Buller Much.

LONDON, March 1.—What the next move will be remains as much a conundrum as prior to the receipt of Gen. Buller's despatch.

Lord Dunsford is assumed to have made a wide turning movement eastward, skirting Buwama Hill, and Gen. Buller may reasonably be expected to be in Ladysmith with the bulk of his forces by to-night.

Whether, like Lord Roberts at Kimberley, he will be able to turn the tables on the retreating Boers remains to be seen. But opinion here inclines to the belief that no aggressive movement can be immediately undertaken by Gen. Buller and Gen. White's forces, hence Lord Roberts is likely to soon have to face the enemy strengthened by large reinforcements from all sides.

CAPE TOWN WILD, TOO.

News of Buller's Victory Officially Given Out Makes the City Joyful.

CAPE TOWN, March 1.—The news that Ladysmith had been relieved last night was officially promulgated at about 10 o'clock this morning and spread like wildfire.

The town became wild with delight, the residents parading the streets and flags and bunting being displayed everywhere.

Thousands of persons crowded in front of Government House, hurrahing and singing.

An excited crowd stormed Parliament House and a man mounted the flagstaff and hoisted the Union Jack as a protest against the attitude of the Ministry.

BOERS UP IN CONGRESS.

Boer Officers a Resolution to Authorize the President to Act for Peace.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Representative Buller, of New York, to-day introduced the following resolution in the House:

Resolved, That the Republic of the United States sympathizes with the brave Boers in their struggle for freedom and independence and hereby declares that the people of the South African Republic and the Orange Free State are and of right ought to be free and independent, and the Congress of the United States hereby protests and remonstrates against the barbarous war now being waged by Great Britain against the patriots of South Africa, and the President is hereby authorized to take such steps as may be expedient in his judgment to secure and bring about an honorable peace between the contending parties.

NEARLY 60,000 TROOPS READY FOR THE CAPE.

LONDON, March 1.—In the House of Lords the Secretary of State for War, the Marquis of Lansdowne, replying to congratulations and a question, prefaced his announcement of the relief of Ladysmith by saying the news had at last removed the fear of an impending calamity.

He said that he did not know whether most admiration should be given to Gen. White and the gallant defenders of Ladysmith or to the brave men under Gen. Buller, or to Lord Roberts, to whose vigorous and successful offensive movement was due the fact that the pressure on Natal was relieved.

"The two recent successes will not," Lord Lansdowne said, "be made the pretext for a relaxation of our efforts."

In the week ending March 3 eight ships will leave England, carrying 4,700 men; during the week ending March 10 fifteen ships, carrying 11,800 men, will leave for South Africa; during the week ending March 13 eleven ships, with 2,960 men, will sail, and during the week ending March 20 nine ships, with 8,900 men, are to sail. Finally, during the week ending March 27, six ships, carrying 1,300 men, will sail totalling about 3,800 men, and during the following month about 17,000 men will be ready, for whom ships have not yet been allotted. The stream of reinforcements will not run dry.

The Earl of Kimberley, the Liberal leader in the House of Lords, associated himself with the congratulations addressed to Lord Lansdowne.

LOSSES OF BULLER AND WHITE, 5,832.

WHITE'S ARMY.			
	Killed.	Wounded.	Captured.
Glenos, Oct. 20, 21.....	44	221	203
Elmdon, Oct. 21.....	51	213	0
Rietfontein, Oct. 24.....	12	104	2
Ladysmith, Oct. 28, Nov. 2.....	61	241	808
Ladysmith, Nov. 3 to Nov. 9.....	1	14	0
Ladysmith, Nov. 9 to Feb. 24.....	120	500	60
Total.....	293	1,293	1,070
BULLER'S ARMY.			
	Killed.	Wounded.	Captured.
Steenkops, Nov. 15.....	1	18	46
Mol River, Nov. 23.....	1	18	0
Willow Grange, Nov. 25.....	11	0	0
Tugela River, Dec. 19.....	157	613	348
Spion Kop, Jan. 21.....	170	505	65
Van Kruys to Pieter's Hill.....	150	1,000	0
Total.....	430	2,271	469
Grand Total.....	723	3,564	1,539

"THE NIGHT IS PASSED." FRENCH IS ADVANCING.

Verdict of British Press on Relief of Ladysmith.

LONDON, March 1.—The afternoon newspapers voice the exultation of the nation over the relief of Ladysmith. The Globe says:

"The night is passed! Since Havelock and Outram fought their way, inch by inch, through the crooked streets and alleys of Lucknow, no such thrill of excitement has gone through the nation. The Empire has suffered and sorrowed much during the last few months, but the tidings of Tuesday and to-day have made it all seem like a gloomy nightmare, the shadow of a night that is passed."

"The credit for our success rests with Lord Roberts as fully as if he himself had ridden into Ladysmith. The sufferings and privations are over and the Empire tenders a tribute of gratitude and admiration to Gen. White and his immortal garrison."

The Pall Mall Gazette says it believes it is impossible to forecast the result of the relief of Ladysmith on the duration of the war, "which may yet culminate in a protracted struggle before Pretoria."

The Westminster Gazette says: "The news this morning obliterated for the moment full memory of the long and costly war, and we fear we must add, wasteful operations that have come before in ten days. Thanks to the admirable strategy of Roberts and Kitchener, the whole situation is revolutionized."

QUEEN SENDS A MESSAGE.

Prince of Wales Also Wires His Congratulations to Gen. Buller.

LONDON, March 1.—The Queen has telegraphed her congratulations to Gen. Buller and Gen. White, and the Prince of Wales has telegraphed his congratulations to Gen. Buller.

4,162 BOERS CAPTURED AT CRONJE'S SURRENDER.

LONDON, March 1.—Lord Roberts reports the actual number of Boers who surrendered with Cronje to be 4,162. With the 600 prisoners captured previously the total Boer force taken by Roberts reaches 4,762.

STOCK BROKER MISSING.

Third Avenue "Boats" Looking for Unnamed Consolidated Exchange Member.

There was a commotion in Wall street to-day among a number of Third Avenue "boats" when the report became current that a prominent Consolidated Stock Exchange broker had disappeared. It seems the broker sold a large number of "privileges" on Third Avenue when the stock was selling around \$2. The stock is now down to \$1 and the broker has not been seen since. It is thought he has gone to the States, but his name is withheld by those in the street.

FIERCE SNOW IS COMING THIS WAY.

LOCAL FORECAST.

Forecast for the thirty-six hours ending 8 P. M. Friday for New York City and vicinity:

Rain, turning to snow to-night, followed by clearing and much colder Friday; fair, Northwest gales to-night, continuing Friday morning.

COLD SNAP AFTER STORM.

Forecasters Emery Says that Gotham Will Get the Snow To-Night.

Weather Forecaster Emery said this afternoon that while there was snow all over the northern part of the State and it was moving this way, and while the storm now central over Virginia is also coming toward New York, he entertained no apprehension of a blizzard for New York City.

"There will be snow to-night," said Mr. Emery, "but it will be followed by clearing and much colder weather. The cold will stop the snow here before it has fallen very heavily. The wind is in the northwest and blowing forty-eight miles an hour."

New York Central trains are having a hard time of it west of Albany, and all trains are from two to four hours late on their arrival at the ends of the line. The Erie Railroad reports that the snowstorm has not visited the "Southern Tier" of counties, through which this road lies, except between Jamesburgh and Lake Erie, at Buffalo and Dunkirk, where trains are delayed.

Commissioner Nagle, the Street-Clean-

Chief, says: "I am greatly surprised that a storm is coming, but if it does I am ready for it. I will not say anything about how I'll handle it. Let actions speak louder than words."

STATE IS SNOWBOUND.

Fiercest Storm in Years Reported From Many Points.

The whole State is swept by one of the fiercest snowstorms in many years. The following despatches

show its widespread fury.

BUFFALO, March 1.—The heaviest snowstorm of the season is in progress here, six inches having fallen in the past twenty-four hours. Mails are badly delayed.

SYRACUSE, March 1.—Syracuse is snow-bound. The New York Central was open, but trains were four to five hours late. The Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg was completely tied up, but the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western was open and trains were nearly on time. The fall of snow was about thirty inches in the last twenty-four hours.

ROME, March 1.—Fully eighteen inches of snow fell during yesterday and last night, the heaviest fall in years. T snow, which was very light, ceasing falling about 7 A. M. to-day and setting in. Travel is considerably delayed.

AUBURN, March 1.—The heaviest snowstorm in several years broke this city and vicinity last night, a ten inches of snow falling. Traffic in the city is suspended.

GENEVA, March 1.—The heavy snowstorm in years visited this city last night. This morning snow to the depth of two feet was found on the level. The snow is still falling fast and business is almost at a standstill.

ALBANY, March 1.—Wayne County is snow-bound. Three feet of snow has fallen and it still continues falling heavily, coming from the northeast. The hotels are full of drummers and business is at a standstill. It is the heaviest snowstorm since 1868.

ALBANY, March 1.—The storm started here last night with snow, but before it had attained a depth of two inches it turned to rain and there is now a steady downpour.

ROCHESTER, March 1.—Rochester and vicinity is experiencing the heaviest twenty-four-hour snow fall in its history. Twenty-two inches of snow fell between 6 A. M. yesterday and 6 A. M. to-day, and it is still falling at the rate of one inch an hour.

BINGHAMTON, March 1.—A heavy snowstorm which struck this section about 3 o'clock last night turned into rain about 3 A. M. and still continues heavily.

WATERTOWN, March 1.—Watertown and Northern New York is in the grasp of a blizzard, the worst of the season. Traffic on the R. W. and O. Railroad is almost at a standstill. Trains are reported many hours late. Country roads are almost impassable.

KNOCKOUT FOR 2 MEN NO MONEY FOR BRIBES.

Capt. Cocheu, of Brooklyn, Robbed of \$1,000 of Jewelry.

Capt. Noah L. Cocheu, a well-known electrical engineer and contractor, who lives at 235 Penn street, Brooklyn, has reported to Chief of Police Devery that he was drugged and robbed of money and jewelry in a saloon on Fourth street, near Sixth avenue, on last Monday night.

He estimates his loss at \$1,000. Cocheu said a friend with him when he went into the saloon, J. Warren Tway, a well-known Brooklynite.

Tway is now in Bellevue Hospital suffering from a fracture of the left leg. He does not know how he got the fracture, nor does he know how he got into the hospital.

Capt. Cocheu and his friend went to a performance in the Ninth Regiment Armory, at Fourteenth street and Sixth avenue, on Monday night. After the performance they went to a nearby saloon. There was a piano in the room and some one was singing. The Captain and his friend went into the room and ordered a couple of glasses of beer.

The Captain said that he was short of money, and he asked the proprietor to loan him some. The proprietor suggested that the Captain leave some of his jewelry as security. This the Captain refused to do, and after some further parley the proprietor finally loaned the Captain \$5.

Just then two young women came in and sat down at a table near the Captain and Mr. Tway. The Captain does not remember anything more until Tuesday morning, when he found himself at the Broadway Ferry with two cents in his pocket and all his jewelry gone. This consisted of his gold watch, a diamond pin, a locket, a diamond necktie fastener, which alone was valued at \$125.

He went home and stayed in bed until Tuesday afternoon, when he came over to this borough for the purpose of identifying the insurgents.

He reported the case to Chief Devery. At the same time he thought it would be well to find out what had become of his friend Tway. He finally located him in Bellevue Hospital, where he was laid up with a broken leg. Tway could not tell how he got there or anything about it.

Chief Devery has ordered an investigation. Capt. Cocheu is satisfied that he and his friend were drugged and robbed.

Chief Devery this afternoon sent out an order to every police captain in the Greater City directing that the rumor that members of the Patrolmen's Benevolent Association were paying \$10 each for a fund to pay counsel fees to influence legislation now pending at Albany be investigated. The order read:

"Information has been furnished me that the Patrolmen's Benevolent Association delegates were instructed to collect \$10 from each member to influence legislation at Albany."

"Notify each officer under your command that the payment to any such fund by any member of the uniformed force is a violation of the law and the rules of this department."

"Ascertain by any means whether any member of the force has been directed to contribute to the object named. If you find any such prefer charges against him whether he be officer or patrolman."

Report to me in any event the result of your inquiry."

Chief Devery could not say where he got his information or discuss the matter at all.

Every year corruption stories are told. Chief Devery is the first to broach the subject in a year.

This order, which Chief Devery is supposed to relate to the Mayor bill now before the Legislature, this bill provides for an eight-hour day for policemen. A committee from the Patrolmen's Benevolent Association tried to get the Chief and President York's approval of the bill, but failed.

"Put Money in Thy Purse."

Nobody suffering from brain-fag, lack of energy, or "that tired feeling" ever puts money in his purse. Lasts days and makes them count through the veins. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes the blood pure.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Cure Bow Stomach, Constipation, etc.

25 cents and 50 cents, all drug stores.

Not Wanted—Milk